
SUMMARY

Subject of issue No. 33

MULTIPOLAR WORLD: THE DISCUSSION CONTINUES...

SECTION I. A MULTIPOLAR WORLD: THE DISCUSSION CONTINUES...

Force and axis in a multipolar world order

Abstract. The expert presentation is devoted to the study of the formation process and the features of the modern multipolar world order. The author identifies historically important periods of change in the global power structure: from the bipolarity of the Cold War through the short-term unipolarity established after the collapse of the USSR, to the current situation with several centers of power. The economic and technological factors that influenced the formation of today's conditions, such as the rise of China, India, and the strengthening of Russia, are emphasized. The article examines the consequences of multipolarity for international stability and security, including increased competition and regional conflicts. Practical recommendations for leaders and diplomats aimed at effective management in the context of complex interstate interactions are also given.

Keywords: multipolar world, geopolitics, international relations, centers of power, transformation of the world order.

Author:

- Shoaib Khan, PhD, Founder and President of the ALFAAZ Educational and Cultural Society, Researcher at the Center for Central Eurasian Studies, University of Mumbai, PhD (Mumbai, India).

Will the new multipolar system be able to ensure security and prosperity?

Abstract. The author explores the modern geopolitical changes caused by the end of the Cold War, the expansion of the market and migration flows. Two possible perspectives are being considered: optimistic, related to technological progress, and pessimistic, fearing a global crisis. The importance of globalization and its impact on national identity and resource allocation are discussed. The importance of dialogue and cooperation between countries for solving global problems is emphasized. The author calls for joint efforts by the international community to build a stable and just world order.

Keywords: multipolar world, geopolitics, globalization, national identity, international cooperation, sustainable development.

Author:

- Rubin Zemon, PhD, Researcher at the Institute for Advanced Studies (Koszeg, Hungary), Director of the Center for Advanced Studies (Skopje, North Macedonia).

Are we on the transition to a new bipolar system?

Abstract. The expert presentation is devoted to the study of various types of international systems of the world order and the assessment of the transition to a new bipolar structure. The author describes his personal experience and international positions formed by the experience of living and working in different regions of the

world. The text identifies three main forms of international systems: unipolar, bipolar and multipolar. A historical overview of each of these forms is provided, starting from the Cold War period and ending with the present. Special attention is paid to the role of digital technologies and non-state actors in shaping a new international architecture. In conclusion, the author argues that the current state of the world is approaching the formation of a new bipolar structure characterized by conflict between Western and Eastern centers of power.

Keywords: international systems, world order, unipolarity, multipolarity, bipolarity.

Author:

- Sanya Tepavcevic, Doctor of Political Sciences, Lecturer of the Master's Degree Program in International Relations at the University of Pannonia (Veszprem, Hungary).

The evolution of the idea of a multipolar world: From utopia to reality

Abstract. The article presents a detailed analysis of the evolution of the concept of a multipolar world and its historical formation in international relations. The author conducts a retrospective of the emergence of terms and discussions related to various forms of the world order, highlighting the periods of unipolarity, bipolarity and the emergence of the concept of multipolarity. The emphasis is placed on a critical rethinking of the unipolar ambitions of the United States and the need for a new approach to ensuring stability based on the interaction and equality of participants in the global community. In conclusion, a proposal is made to convene a global summit to develop an agreed course of action in the interests of global peace and security.

Keywords: multipolarity, international relations, unipolarity, global security.

Author:

- Peter Kuznik, Professor of History and Director of the Institute for Nuclear Research at the American University of Washington (Washington, USA).

The emergence of a multipolar world: Opportunities and challenges

Abstract. The article in the form of an expert report is devoted to the study of the transformation of the international political landscape, directed from the unipolar dominance of the United States to a multipolar world. The factors that caused the emergence of multipolarity are considered, among which economic integration, technological innovations and changes in geopolitical alliances are highlighted. The positive aspects of multipolarity are described, such as the expansion of opportunities for international cooperation and the inclusion of more countries in global decision-making. At the same time, the challenges that arise in the absence of a single center of power are highlighted, including an increased risk of conflict and the creation of obstacles to effective cooperation. It is concluded that it is necessary to modernize international institutions and strengthen the mechanism of collective decision-making to ensure stability and justice in the new international order.

Keywords: multipolarity, transformation, international relations, cooperation, challenges.

Author:

- Syed Hubaib Zia, Master of International Relations (Islamabad, Pakistan).

A multipolar world: Conflict or the development of civilizations?

Abstract. The article is devoted to the analysis of the processes taking place in the conditions of the formation of a multipolar world, accompanied by the aggravation of conflicts and a change in the global balance of power. The difficulties of forming new principles of interaction between States and mechanisms of multilateral cooperation are emphasized. The contradictions between the “collective West” and the emerging group of BRICS+ countries are considered. The key role of Russia and China in shaping a new global architecture based on the principles of non-interference, respect for national characteristics and equality of participants is highlighted. The author concludes that it is necessary to avoid global conflict and build a new order conducive to the development of civilizations.

Keywords: multipolar world, international order, BRICS+, geopolitics.

Author:

- Dragana Trifkovic, Director of the Center for Geostrategic Studies in Belgrade (Belgrade, Serbia).

Mexico in a multipolar environment

Abstract. The article is devoted to the study of Mexico’s role in the formation of a multipolar world. The historical features of the country’s foreign policy based on the principle of non-interference and peacefulness are analyzed. The initiative of President Andres Manuel Lopez Obrador to create a peaceful community to resolve the Ukrainian crisis is highlighted. The prospects of Mexico’s participation in regional integration and settlement of global problems are considered. The task of forming a new Mexican foreign policy strategy reflecting the challenges of the modern world is put forward.

Keywords: Mexico, multipolar world, foreign policy, integration.

Author:

- Imelda I. Guzman, Researcher at the Center for International Relations of the National Autonomous University of Mexico (Mexico City, Mexico).

A multipolar world as a priority for Russia and Latin America

Abstract. The expert analysis is devoted to the issues of the formation of a multipolar world and its significance for Russia and Latin America. The author reveals the commonality of views on the principles of justice and mutual respect in international relations. It shows how multipolarity helps to overcome the limitations of the old world order, creating opportunities for independent choice of development paths. The negative effects of unilateral sanctions and the benefits of globalization driven by multiple centers of power are discussed in detail. The importance of cooperation between Russia and Latin American countries in building a just and sustainable world order is emphasized.

Keywords: multipolar world, Russia, Latin America.

Author:

- Ksenia A. Konovalova, Researcher at St. Petersburg State University, Candidate of Historical Sciences (St. Petersburg, Russia).

BRICS+ for the development of a multipolar world

Abstract. The author examines the role of BRICS+ in creating a new system of international relations, emphasizing the importance of expanding the group by including new members. The possibilities of cooperation within the bloc are discussed, statistical data on the growing economic power of BRICS+ and the declining influence of developed Western countries are provided. Special attention is paid to the discussion on the introduction of a single currency, which some members consider a promising idea, despite the difficulties of its implementation. The author emphasizes that the expansion of BRICS+ contributes to the formation of a just multipolar world where the voices of developing countries will be heard and taken into account. In conclusion, it is settled that it is important to unite the efforts of the participating countries to achieve global justice and equality.

Keywords: multipolar world, BRICS+, international relations, economic cooperation, single currency.

Author:

- Mansour I. Kfoury, researcher at the Faculty of Law, Politics and Administrative Sciences, Lebanese University (Beirut, Lebanon).

The development of a multipolar world

Abstract. The author explores the phenomenon of the formation of a multipolar world, indicated by changes in the international balance of power after the end of the Cold War period. There is a gradual weakening of the US position as the only superpower and the emergence of new centers of influence, such as Russia and China, forming common development strategies. The article analyzes the consequences of American intervention in regional conflicts, which increases instability and reduces confidence in the Western model of world governance. Special attention is paid to the formation of BRICS-type associations that actively involve new countries in integration processes. The author believes that the desire to build fair international relations requires strengthening mutual understanding and cooperation between all participants in global politics.

Keywords: multipolar world, international politics, BRICS, regional stability.

Author:

- Baker Alshalan, graduate of the University of Windsor in Canada, political scientist (Baghdad, Iraq).

The geopolitical chessboard: Iraq in the era of multipolarity

Abstract. The author describes the situation of Iraq in the emerging multipolar world, revealing its key role on a regional and global scale. Attention is focused on the internal situation of the country, the difficulties of interacting with influential forces such as the United States and Iran, as well as the importance of maintaining independence and independently choosing a course of development in the context of intense geopolitical processes.

Keywords: multipolar world, Iraq, geopolitics, Middle East.

Author:

- Mohammed Alnakib, UN volunteer, head of the non-profit volunteer organization Kokar (Kurdistan Region, Iraq).

The geopolitical confrontation: Palestinian security and a multipolar world

Abstract. The author examines the problem of the long-standing geopolitical confrontation over Palestine and the need for a transition to a multipolar international order. The article analyzes the historical roots of the conflict in the Middle East, the current political situation and possible ways to achieve global balance. Special attention is paid to the importance of combining the efforts of various countries and organizations to overcome the influence of individual superpowers and build a just world.

Keywords: geopolitical confrontation, multipolar world, international security, peoples' rights.

Author:

- Muhammad Maruf, PhD, initiator of the creation of the intellectual community Real Thinkers Institute (RTI) and Global Thinkers Institute (GTI) (Jakarta, Indonesia).

A multipolar world and a culture of mutual respect

Abstract. In the context of the growing multipolarity of the modern world, the issue of interpersonal and international mutual respect is of particular importance. The transition to a new, multipolar world order poses a number of new challenges for the global community. In addition to the need to ensure a balance of geopolitical forces, an important aspect is the formation of a culture of mutual understanding between countries and peoples. Effective mechanisms for inter-state and interpersonal cooperation are required to build a sustainable and prosperous international order. The article discusses practical approaches and recommendations that promote confidence-building and harmonization of international relations. Examples of successful integration and cooperation practices based on the traditions of different peoples and civilizations are given.

Keywords: interpersonal, multipolar world, multipolarity, mutual respect, dialogue, relations.

Author:

- Aboubakar Yaro, Leader of the International Friendship Club, specialist in working with international students at South Ural State University (Yamoussoukro, Côte d'Ivoire).

Russia and Iran: Striving for a multipolar world through resistance to the West

Abstract. The study aims to examine the similarities between Russia's revisionist position and Iran's ideology of resistance in their collective opposition to US hegemony. It is proposed to analyze ideological similarities and explore how common views influence politics and arguments in favor of a multipolar world instead of the Western international system. The importance and relevance of studying this topic is necessary not only for Iran, Russia and the United States, but also for the whole world, especially for the Middle East and Europe.

Keywords: ideological resistance, multipolar world, alliances and support networks, Russia, Iran, USA.

Author:

- Saeed Khavarinejad, political expert, post-graduate student of the Department of World Politics at Tomsk State University (Fuman, Iran).

The development of comprehensive cooperation between the Middle East and Central Asia. The role and objectives of the Russian Federation and the Republic of Uzbekistan

Abstract. Relations between the countries of Central Asia and the Middle East play a crucial role in shaping regional dynamics, strengthening cooperation and solving common problems. This study examines in detail the links between the two regions, which sheds light on key aspects, challenges, and opportunities for cooperation. Russia and Uzbekistan, along with other countries and international organizations, play a significant role in the process of cooperation, contributing to sustainable economic development and prosperity of the regions as a whole.

Keywords: Central Asia, Middle East, Russia, Uzbekistan, diplomatic relations.

Author:

- Alham Shaimardanov, Deputy Head of the Department at the Ministry of Investment, Industry and Trade of the Republic of Uzbekistan (Tashkent, Uzbekistan).

Multipolar world: Cooperation between Russia and China

Abstract. The author explores the concept of a multipolar world and the key role of Russia and China in its formation. The author substantiates the idea of a gradual transition from a unipolar order controlled by the United States to new realities in which the influence of several powers, including the Russian Federation and China, is increasing. The advantages of the participation of small and developing countries in cooperation with these major players are revealed.

Keywords: multipolar world, Russia, China, international relations, developing countries.

Author:

- Abdelhalik Abdelhalik, Chairman of the Libyan-Russian Friendship Association, First Secretary of the Libyan Foreign Ministry (Tripoli, Libya).

SECTION II. RESEARCH BY YOUNG POLITICAL SCIENTISTS

Securitization of relations with Russia in German political discourse at the present stage: features and impact

Abstract. This article aims at identifying the key features of the securitization of relations with Russia in German political discourse since the beginning of Russian Special military operation in Ukraine. To achieve that, we have studied the main aspects of securitization theory and formulated the research methodology. Then, the discourse analysis of selected sources is carried out, allowing us to identify elements of the “grammar of security” in speeches of German top officials and other relevant documents. The analysis of the empirical dimension of German politics makes it possible to adequately answer the research question and, in particular, to highlight the impact of the studied intersubjective processes as well as to make assumptions about the prospects of German policy towards Russia.

Keywords: German-Russian relations, foreign policy of Germany, securitization, discourse analysis, German security policy, Ukrainian crisis.

Author:

- Ilya A. Subbotin, student of the Faculty of International Relations at St. Petersburg State University (Saint Petersburg, Russia).

Russian-Chinese cooperation in the context of the formation of a new world order

Abstract. The article examines the main aspects of cooperation between Russia and China in the context of the formation of a new world order, including political, economic, scientific, technical, cultural and educational cooperation. The conclusion is made about a fairly solid base on which bilateral contacts are based, but the potential of Russian-Chinese relations is not sufficiently disclosed. The most promising areas from the point of view of further bilateral cooperation have been identified: foreign trade, including energy products; investment cooperation within the framework of special economic zones (SEZs); tourism cooperation; projects in the field of space and Arctic exploration, solving environmental problems.

Keywords: new world order, multipolar world, Russian-Chinese cooperation, Russia, China.

Author:

- Artyom S. Karavansky, postgraduate student at the Peoples' Friendship University of Russia named after Patrice Lumumba (Moscow, Russia).

Clan-Ethnic structures of Afghan society and the possibility of political modernization

Abstract. This article explores the clan and ethnic structures of Afghan society and their impact on the possibility of political modernization in the country. In the context of Afghanistan's rich and diverse historical heritage, the author analyzes the role of these groups, their cultural characteristics, and historical interconnections. The article also discusses the challenges faced by political modernization in the country, including ethnic fragmentation, the presence of armed groups, and corruption, emphasizing the importance of national reconciliation, education, and access to information, as well as cooperation with the international community as potential pathways to successful political modernization in Afghanistan.

Keywords: clan and ethnic structures, Afghanistan, political modernization, ethnic fragmentation, armed groups, corruption, national reconciliation, education, international cooperation.

Authors:

- Habibi Mohammad Wasim, PhD student at the Peoples' Friendship University of Russia named after Patrice Lumumba (Moscow, Russia);
- Visal Abdul Hai, PhD student at the Peoples' Friendship University of Russia named after Patrice Lumumba (Moscow, Russia).

Effective governance and integration models for achieving political stability in the Middle East

Abstract. The article is devoted to the study of effective governance and integration models aimed at achieving political stability in the Middle East region. The first section examines the existing governance models in the Middle East., their features and disadvantages. The second section focuses on the search for a modern and effective management model that could integrate best practices and approaches adapted to the specifics of Middle Eastern countries. The third section of the article is devoted to the integration of the Middle East region, which analyzes different integration models, as well as opportunities for closer cooperation between States. Finally, the last section examines the foreign policy impact on the sustainability of the region, including the

involvement of global powers, which significantly affects the political stability and economic development of the Middle East. The article highlights the importance of an integrated approach to governance and integration, as well as the need to take into account the historical and cultural characteristics of the region in order to develop effective strategies that promote political stability.

Keywords: Middle East, governance, security, strategic management, integration, political stability.

Author:

- Tafiq Diyar Fakher, PhD student at the Peoples' Friendship University of Russia named after Patrice Lumumba (Moscow, Russia).